Pages 1 - 48

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

Before The Honorable Yvonne Gonzalez Rogers, Judge

In Re: Social Media Adolescent Addiction/Personal) NO. 22-md-03047-YGR Injury Products Liability Litigation

Oakland, California Friday, March 3, 2023

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

APPEARANCES:

For Plaintiffs:

SEEGER WEISS LLP 55 Challenger Road, 6th Floor Ridgefield Park, NJ 07660

BY: CHRISTOPHER A. SEEGER, ESQUIRE JENNIFER R. SCULLION, ESQUIRE

> ANDRUS ANDERSON LLP 155 Montgomery Street, Suite 900 San Francisco, CA 94104

BY: JENNIE LEE ANDERSON, ESQUIRE

LIEFF CABRASER HEIMANN AND BERNSTEIN, 275 Battery Street, 29th Floor

San Francisco, CA 94111 BY: LEXI HAZAM, ESQUIRE

> MOTLEY RICE LLC 401 9th Street NW, Suite 630 Washington, DC 20004

BY: PREVIN WARREN, ESQUIRE

Pamela Batalo-Hebel, CSR No. 3593, RMR, FCRR Reported By: Official Reporter

APPEARANCES CONTINUED:

For Defendants Meta Platforms, Inc.; Facebook Holdings, LLC; Facebook Operations, LLC; Facebook Payments, Inc.; Facebook Technologies, LLC; Instagram, LLC; Siculus, Inc.; Mark Elliott Zuckerberg:

COVINGTON & BURLING LLP 1999 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 3500 Los Angeles, CA 90067

BY: ASHLEY SIMONSEN, ESQUIRE

COVINGTON & BURLING LLP One CityCenter 850 Tenth Street, NW Washington, DC 20001

BY: PAUL SCHMIDT, ESQUIRE PHYLLIS JONES, ESQUIRE

For Defendant Snap Inc.:

MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP 560 Mission Street, 27th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105

BY: JONATHAN BLAVIN, ESQUIRE

For Defendants TikTok, Inc.; ByteDance, Inc.:

FAEGRE DRINKER BIDDLE & REATH LLP 300 North Meridian Street

Indianapolis, IN 46204

BY: ANDREA PIERSON, ESQUIRE

KING & SPALDING LLP 1180 Peachtree Street Atlanta, GA 30309

BY: GEOFFREY DRAKE, ESQUIRE

For Defendants Alphabet Inc.; Google LLC; YouTube, LLC:

WILLIAMS & CONNOLLY LLP 680 Maine Avenue, SW Washington, DC 20024

BY: JOSEPH G. PETROSINELLI, ESQUIRE

Friday - March 3, 2023

9:09 a.m.

2

1

PROCEEDINGS

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22 23

24

25

---000---

THE CLERK: Now calling 22-md-03047-YGR, In re: Social Media Adolescent Addiction/Personal Injury Products Liability Litigation.

Will counsel please come forward.

THE COURT: Okay. And as will be the practice, the record, in terms of who is here for the parties, will be reflected in the document that was sent to us in terms of attendees. If you're not on that document and you want to be noted in the record, then make sure that you send us an amended list. Okay?

All right. We have a lot to do today. I'll go through the issues in the Case Management Statement. We need to deal with the implementation order, the common benefit order, the quardians ad litem, sealing orders, medical record collections, to name a few; right? Just a short list of things to do this morning. A little bit different from my bank robbery yesterday or, I should say, this week.

So who are we going to have -- probably different people for different issues.

Let's see. Who is going to start on the plaintiffs' side giving me some updates in terms of who is going to be doing what?

MS. HAZAM: Your Honor, thank you. Lexi Hazam for 1 2 plaintiffs. We have divided presentations today by topic. Going in 3 the order of the status conference statement, the first topic 4 is the plaintiffs' selection of their best claims for motions 5 to dismiss, and Mr. Warren will handle that topic for us. 6 7 The next topic is the specifications for defendants' 8 motion to dismiss. That is agreed upon. Happy to address that if Your Honor would like. 9 That is followed --10 11 THE COURT: I would always like -- when people tell me they want to file hundred-page briefs, yes, I would like. 12 13 MS. HAZAM: Fine, Your Honor. I'm happy to address 14 that when Your Honor sees fit. 15 Should I continue? 16 THE COURT: No. We're going to go through the list. 17 Go ahead. MS. HAZAM: Third would be the Short Form Complaint 18 and implementation order. Ms. Jennifer Scullion of Seeger 19 20 Weiss will handle that for plaintiffs. THE COURT: Okay. 21 MS. HAZAM: Number 4, the proposed coordination order. 22 23 I can handle that for plaintiffs to the extent Your Honor wants to discuss it. 24

THE COURT: Okay.

25

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MS. HAZAM: Number 5, defendants' proposed filing requirements. I will also handle that for plaintiffs. THE COURT: Okay. MS. HAZAM: Number 6, discovery-related orders. the most part, I will also handle that for plaintiffs. Those are generally updates on status of meet-and-confers and proposed deadlines. Number 7, mediator selection. Mr. Seeger will handle that for plaintiffs. Number 8, proposed common benefit order. That part of number 8 shall be handled by Mr. Seeger and the proposed sealing order shall be handled by Mr. Warren for plaintiffs. And finally, other updates any of us are prepared to handle, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. Ms. Jones, do you want to come to the mic and let me know how you have broken it up. If it's the same issues, that's If there are other issues, let me know. MS. JONES: Certainly. And good morning, Your Honor. Nice to see you. For the priority claims issue, that will be Mr. Schmidt speaking on behalf of the defendants. To the extent that the Court would like to discuss the proposed specifications for the motion to dismiss briefing, I

suspect Mr. Schmidt will also cover that. The Short Form

Complaint topic will also be Mr. Schmidt. 1 On the topics of the coordination order and the 2 defendants' proposed filing requirements, that will be me. 3 For any discovery-related orders, Ms. Simonsen will be 4 arquing or addressing those for the Court. 5 Mr. Schmidt will be handling any discussion related to 6 mediators. 7 Ms. Pierson will be handling any discussion related to the 8 common benefit order. 9 And to the extent that there are other updates, I will 10 11 take a stab at handling those for the defense. THE COURT: Okay. And "Pierson," I'm not seeing --12 13 oh, "Pierson," there it is. Great. 14 Then let's start with -- we'll do it in your own order, 15 and then I'll go back and check my own notes. We'll start with the plaintiffs' selection. I take it Mr. Warren, Mr. Schmidt 16 17 to the mics. Okay. As I understand it from your Case Management 18 Statement, plaintiff has picked 5: Count 1, strict liability 19 20 design; Count 2, failure to warn; Count 3, negligent design; Count 4, negligent failure; and Count 10, negligence per se; 21 22 correct? 23 MR. WARREN: That's correct, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Mr. Warren, we have a lot to do. I'm going to make this real simple.

24

25

The suggestion that I'm going to look at one state is not acceptable, period.

I thought I explained to all of you when you were here that this is a massive case, and we cannot do this piecemeal. If I'm going to look at whether or not the plaintiffs have stated a claim under strict liability design, I am going to look at all the law with respect to that issue. It makes no sense to me that somehow I would look under New York law and then avoid and ignore the rest of the law of the United States.

What I suggested was that when you brief this, you can do majority rules, you can do minority rules, and perhaps you have outliers, but I am not going to take the approach that you are suggesting, and I see no logical reason to do so.

You can respond.

MR. WARREN: Very well, Your Honor.

Well, we -- I believe we're trying to follow how we interpreted Your Honor's direction and nothing more, and hearing what you're saying, we'll proceed on that basis.

The only thing I would add is that in our examination of these various laws, they do not, unfortunately, bucket cleanly into majority or minority states. We looked for patterns like that, and we didn't find it quite so cleanly, I think in part because many states have not addressed the issue of whether an app like the ones at issue here are or not products for purposes of product liability law. But we take Your Honor's

direction and --

THE COURT: And it could be that there is no law.

Perhaps there is no law, in which case there is no law for any state, in which case, you know, maybe we're looking at the Restatement. I don't know. But what I don't want to do is be myopic when you were seeking to represent adolescents across the United States.

MR. WARREN: Of course. Of course, Your Honor. And we never understood that we would be taking this piecemeal in the sense of having to brief 50 states.

What we thought your direction was, is that we would pick the best states on the best claims so that we could ascertain whether discovery could be opened, and then in a second phase, defendants would of course be able to structure their motion to dismiss however they saw fit, to group the remaining states in however they saw fit, and present that to the Court.

THE COURT: Yeah, but I'm not going to open discovery if -- if 49 states say there's no strict liability and one state says there is. Well, perhaps I could open discovery for one state for 10 plaintiffs or whatever you have, but I'm not going to open discovery for all plaintiffs in all states if 49 states don't say that you have a claim. It makes no sense.

MR. WARREN: Very well, Your Honor. We understand your direction.

THE COURT: Right. And principles of federalism here

control. I mean, the reason that I'm trying to have you narrow is so that we can continue to make some progress, but it doesn't mean that it's easy.

MR. WARREN: Very well. We understand what you're saying, and we, you know -- we're confident we have the better of the argument in all the states, and so we'll brief that in this round.

And, again, we were doing nothing more than trying to interpret the direction we thought you had given about picking, you know, quote, whoever's stated as I don't care, but we will do as you say and of course adjust it.

THE COURT: Let me also say, just as a general matter -- and I, frankly, am not exactly sure why lawyers do it.

You all quote things back to me all the time, but I have in my head what I thought, and context matters.

So I may have said something in hour one of our conversation, and after spending three hours with you, at the end of it, I may have said something entirely different at the end.

So I can appreciate that you're -- that perhaps I, in fact, said that, but I didn't go back to check the transcript to determine what the entire context of my statement was. And I'm letting you all know now I won't. I just don't have time to do that.

So I don't know if you do it to get points with the other side or what it is -- why it is that you all do that. So why is it that you do that?

MR. WARREN: Well --

THE COURT: I mean, it's not as if I wasn't here.

MR. WARREN: Your Honor, if I may, we really were not trying to engage in some exercise of cherry-picking the transcript and, you know, having some selective reading. We really were trying to interpret what we thought your direction was, and, you know, that took a little bit of work, and we understood part of the issue to be you had asked us to pick our five or six, quote, best claims, and that, I think, was something that came through repeatedly. What we struggled with was the --

THE COURT: Right. And I think that these are -- that these are the five.

MR. WARREN: Right. And we were just struggling to understand how to take that direction and marry it to the fact that state law varies, and clearly we missed and misunderstood what you were going for, and -- and, you know, there it is, but there wasn't anything -- there wasn't any intentionality other than just trying to determine what all you wanted us to do.

MR. SCHMIDT: On our end, Your Honor, I would simply say when Your Honor makes statements about issues, this issue or something else, we don't want Your Honor to think we're not

listening to what Your Honor said, and so we were trying to,
where we did quote, quote it in terms of trying to be
responsive to what Your Honor said. We obviously didn't mean
it to come across as kind of snipping for advocacy purposes,
and we'll be guided by that comment, obviously, going forward.
But we want the Court to know that we're trying to be
responsive to what the Court's telling us and not just reargue
issues, not just kind of come back on points Your Honor has
already spoken on.

THE COURT: Well, then let's do it this way because I don't -- I mean, a huge portion of your CMC statements were my own statements back to me, so do this: Put a footnote and put a cite, and if I need to see it, I'll go back and see it.

But I can also tell you -- you're very good lawyers -- I expect that what you're trying to do is pay attention to what I say. I don't need to spend time reading my own quotes back to myself.

MR. SCHMIDT: Understood, Your Honor.

MR. WARREN: Understood.

THE COURT: Okay. All right.

So specifications for the brief. I don't want there to be any precedent that because there are multiple defendants, you are allowed to just take the number of defendants that you have and multiply that by 25 for purposes of determining how many pages of a brief you get. The whole point is to be more

efficient. And I don't want that to be a precedent because I have patent cases where I don't let that happen where I have a dozen patent cases and I make all of the defendants file one brief that deals with, let's say, the 101 motion or the, you know -- some basic motion to dismiss, and they get the normal pages and then they get about five extra pages to identify anything that's specific to that defendant. Otherwise, why would I consolidate? Why would I try to coordinate? The point is to be more efficient in your writing.

That said, I haven't researched these five states. It sounds like -- not five states, but five claims. It sounds like you have challenges in categorizing or majority vs. minority rules or whatever. Is that right?

MR. WARREN: Yes, Your Honor.

MR. SCHMIDT: I don't know if -- on our end if we're going to see those kind of distinctions. I think what we'll see is more what Mr. Warren was alluding to, that there will be some states that have developed law and some where we are drawing on principles like the Restatement. But there will be an effort to try to bring the cases together, either in one bucket or in multiple buckets, if that applies.

MR. WARREN: Your Honor, if I may, the -- now that we're taking Your Honor's direction that all 50 states will be at issue with these claims, we do think there is some risk that with 25 pages per defendant, they will have the ability to

really expound and dig in to each of those variations, whereas if we're limited on our side just in terms of pages, we just may not have the same ability to respond to those variations.

THE COURT: Well, what I want is one consolidated brief from all the defendants. And then again to the extent that there is something specific about a specific defendant, that should be briefed separately, but what I don't want are -- I don't want the defendants to be taking a kitchen-sink approach by everybody doing different things and talking past each other.

So the defendants are going to have to coordinate and perhaps -- well, let me ask you, Mr. Warren, what are you all finding in terms of each of these claims?

MR. WARREN: Well, in terms of the -- there are a lot of different issues at play in the claims in terms of the question of whether these apps are products. There's developed -- very favorable law in the three states that we did identify.

There is the Restatement the Third which lays out really a series of policy factors but does indicate that intangible goods, such as software, could be products.

The Restatement Second has been applied to -- including in the Ninth Circuit to indicate that software is a product. That would be the *Winter* case in dictum.

And then I can't disagree with Mr. Schmidt that there are

just many states that haven't spoken to the issue one way or the other nor identified what Restatement approach they would necessarily follow in answering that specific question.

THE COURT: So do the defendants have a perspective on how they want to structure the legal arguments?

MR. SCHMIDT: Yes, Your Honor. We are planning to do, I think, hopefully exactly what Your Honor laid out. We have already begun meeting about a drafting process for a common brief that would cover issues common across the defendants, and they're the issues we've been talking about: Is it a product, is there a duty for something that is intangible, issues like that.

The negligence per se claim, frankly, is different in that it hinges off of alleged statutory violations, so that's a different stream of briefing. We would include that in the common brief, but it -- it involves different types of arguments than the other arguments and so contributes to the page request that we're making.

And then each defendant is considering whether to raise any defendant-specific issues.

But our goal is to put everything we can in a common brief, subject to individual defendants looking at what they think they might need to say separately on their own.

THE COURT: Because with respect to the individual issues, it would seem to me that counts such as fraudulent

concealment, negligent concealment, those are going to be -and perhaps unfair trade practices, right, those are going to
be a little bit more defendant-specific because they relate to
specific conduct of a specific defendant as opposed to the
legal viability of something like strict liability.

Now, obviously the designs are slightly different, the failure to warn is probably slightly different on both the second and fourth counts, but those kind of individual issues are not what is going to drive; right? That won't drive the answer.

Because what I can't do in a motion to dismiss, I can't look at extrinsic evidence. I have to assume that the facts in the Complaint are true. So once you start arguing facts, you lose the argument.

And I can tell you, I am not going to -- at this round, I will not -- I will just deny any attempt to incorporate by reference anything that's referenced in the plaintiffs'

Complaint to try to have me prove some -- you know, identify some fact and make a factual finding to support a motion to dismiss. I know technically it's a possible avenue, but I'm not going to do it on this round. Understood?

MR. SCHMIDT: Understood. That's helpful guidance, Your Honor. Thank you.

MR. WARREN: Your Honor, if I may?

THE COURT: You may.

MR. WARREN: I agree with what you said on the concealment and the state protective statutes. I would just note we did not identify either of those among our five best.

THE COURT: I understand that. That's why I'm saying in terms of the defendants suggesting that they might want individual briefs on some of these things, for motions to dismiss, the individuality matters more on misrepresentations because the misrepresentations are different.

MR. WARREN: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: I don't know that a failure to plead sufficient facts works in this case, given that I had to read almost 300 pages. There's plenty there. It's not like the defendants -- they may not agree with your perspective, but it's not like they don't know what you're talking about.

MR. WARREN: Yes, Your Honor. Well, if I may, from plaintiffs' perspective, what we -- what we care about is parity and the ability to have the same number of pages, so if defendants are able to consolidate their motions into one brief, we would just ask that we get the equivalent number of pages, whatever that number may happen to be.

THE COURT: Well, I thought that you had agreed on that; right?

MR. WARREN: Yes.

MR. SCHMIDT: We agree on that, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So I thought what you were asking for was

defendants want no more than 100 pages and then plaintiffs 1 would get 100 pages, and a reply, 50 pages. Okay? 2 Do I have a date for an opening brief? 3 MR. WARREN: I believe it was April 14th --4 5 April 17th? MR. SCHMIDT: Yes. 6 7 MR. WARREN: April 17th, Your Honor. And I believe 8 our reply was due -- I'm sorry -- our opposition was due June 1st. 9 THE COURT: Okay. So defendants' opening brief, 10 April 17th, and that still works? 11 MR. SCHMIDT: I apologize. 12 13 Yes, that still works. And I think June 30th for the 14 reply. 15 THE COURT: And opposition? 16 MR. WARREN: That would be June 1st, Your Honor. And 17 that does work. THE COURT: Okay. Have I given you a hearing date 18 19 yet? 20 MR. SCHMIDT: No, Your Honor. And may we say 21 something briefly on that? 22 THE COURT: Sure. 23 MR. SCHMIDT: We have wondered how to navigate the hearing date. There's obviously the Gonzalez issue pending. 24 25 We have now had argument. And what we have wondered is we

don't know the timing of the decision, of course. At the latest, as we understand it, it will come as our reply comes in. It may come earlier.

And what we would suggest, if the Court is agreeable to it, is that we hold off on setting a hearing date until we have more certainty because we do hold out hope that there can be --we're going to be briefing the issues separately per Your Honor's guidance. We do hold out hope that there can be some harmonization as we get near the hearing date depending on how things develop with the timing from the Supreme Court.

THE COURT: Well, what we can do is -- what I would suggest is that liaison counsel, once the decision comes out, contact the Court, and we can perhaps just have a Zoom hearing to figure out if we're going to have briefing and what that briefing will look like. That seems to make -- that will probably make the most sense.

MR. SCHMIDT: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.

Your Honor, may I raise one other thing regarding the motions?

THE COURT: You may.

MR. SCHMIDT: Our plan is to, as Your Honor gave guidance at the last hearing -- to brief the First Amendment and Section 230 issues separately and later.

There is consideration of First Amendment issues in looking at the definition of a product question and then the

duty question, and so we -- I think that's a distinct issue from the First Amendment issue we were going to raise. We do intend to put that in our briefs. We didn't want that to be viewed by the Court as briefing differently than how the Court envisioned. We would reserve the actual full-blown First Amendment argument for the --

THE COURT: And which claims does that refer to?

MR. SCHMIDT: I think it refers to at least the first four and potentially all five, but certainly the ones other than negligence per se. They all --

THE COURT: On the issue of duty?

MR. SCHMIDT: On the issue of duty and not a product, which both kind of grapple with this issue of whether it's intangible, and that intangibility question in the case law is influenced by First Amendment considerations.

In the discussions in the case law, it's a pretty high-level issue. It doesn't involve getting into the doctrine in the same way that our First Amendment arguments would so I think it's separate, but I just wanted to flag that for the Court so that it doesn't come as a surprise if we file in that way or if the Court has a reaction, of course.

THE COURT: Okay.

Mr. Warren.

MR. WARREN: Your Honor, we will have to see what defendants have to say on the issue.

The only remaining comment I would add is on the Gonzalez question and holding off on a hearing date, we believe

Your Honor will have quite a bit to decide based on the briefing for this first round of motions to dismiss. We would prefer not to put off a hearing and hopefully a ruling on those issues.

Our understanding is -
THE COURT: Mr. Warren?

MR. WARREN: Yes?

THE COURT: Part of the reason we're going to have a conference is because, as much as I think this is one of the most interesting cases on my docket, it's not the only one.

MR. WARREN: Very well, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And I'm in trial for most of June and in July. You know, perhaps those cases will go away but perhaps not. So I've got actually -- I mean, I've got a Google case going to trial in August if it doesn't resolve.

So, you know, let's be a little flexible. I promise you I will be working hard, and I will try to get you something as soon as I can.

MR. WARREN: I have no doubt about that, Your Honor. Thank you.

THE COURT: Okay. All right.

So anything else on these two topics?

MR. SCHMIDT: Not from the defense, Your Honor.

MR. WARREN: Not from the plaintiffs, Your Honor. 1 2 THE COURT: Okay. Let's move then to the Complaint, 3 the Short Form Complaint. MS. SCULLION: Good morning, Your Honor. Jennifer 4 Scullion, Seeger Weiss, for the plaintiffs. 5 Your Honor --6 7 THE COURT: Hold on. 8 MS. SCULLION: I apologize. THE COURT: Go ahead. 9 MS. SCULLION: Mr. Schmidt is here again. 10 Your Honor, as we laid out in our letter brief, the 11 approach that plaintiffs have proposed is wholly consistent 12 13 with the federal rules and with the established precedent in 14 other complex MDLs. As Your Honor has noted, we have a very 15 detailed Master Complaint, it's far more than any of the wholly 16 conclusory or implausible claims in some of the cases that 17 defendants have cited, detailed the multiple features in each of the defendants' products that plausibly create a defective, 18 dangerous product that is addictive and otherwise dangerous to 19 20 children. We have plausibly laid out, based on agency conclusions, 21 researchers, some of defendants' own documents and statements, 22 23 the plausible connection between the use of these products by children and the harms that we allege for the plaintiffs. 24

And consistent with other MDLs, we have proposed a simple,

25

Short Form Complaint. It is not simply a "Me Too," but consistent with notice pleading and other MDLs, it identifies obviously the plaintiff. It does say which products they've used and identifies the signature injuries, as well as a box for other injuries.

Your Honor, we believe this is sufficient. It is consistent with what we understand Your Honor had intended in terms of streamlining. It certainly gives defense more than enough notice of what is at issue here.

The defendants say that they want much more, and I think it's -- it's telling that -- on page 3 of their letter brief, they say they want more in order to prepare their defenses on a plaintiff-by-plaintiff basis.

THE COURT: Now, I --

MS. SCULLION: Respectfully, we're just not there at this juncture. And, Your Honor, we obviously will get there, and -- we hope we'll get there. I shouldn't say that. We hope we will get there, but we're not there at the moment. And I think -- I'm sorry. Go ahead.

THE COURT: Mr. Schmidt, on this one I think I'm siding with the plaintiffs.

The information you're asking for, all relevant if this case is moving forward. My suggestion would be that if this case makes it past the motion to dismiss stage, what I could do is if you want to work on a separate filing that says within,

you know, 45 days of the Court's order denying the motion to dismiss, you'd have to provide this kind of basic information, I think that something like that is fair. I don't think we need it now, but certainly if the thing is moving forward, then I think individuals need to start thinking about their individual cases. And maybe it's not 45 days. Maybe it's 90 days. I don't know. Now that I know you're quoting me back to me, I'm not saying anything --

(Counsel talked over the Court.)

THE COURT: Right. I don't know specifically, but it seems to me that this is something that should happen after we know that there is actually a claim that is proceeding, and plaintiffs are on notice that this is the kind of information that they're going to have to provide for each of their clients.

MS. SCULLION: Your Honor, that's acceptable to us, too, obviously to engage with defendants, meet and confer, and try to figure out a timing and a process that will get them the information that they need, as well as obviously we hope to be discussing at that point additional discovery for the plaintiffs.

THE COURT: So my only question -- well, do you wish to be heard, Mr. Schmidt?

MR. SCHMIDT: Just one point that we didn't make in our -- in our papers, just so the Court understands where we

are coming from, although I'm sure the Court does from what we did file.

This is a very complicated MDL. We see that in the Master Complaint. And what we really geared our Short Form Complaint around was trying to understand what -- how that complexity in the Master Complaint applies on a plaintiff-by-plaintiff basis, so when they go through all these design issues, how does that apply to any plaintiff which any plaintiff would have to do if they file their own Complaint. When they go through and we hinge the appearances to their Complaint allegations, how does that apply to individual plaintiffs. That's what we were aiming to do --

THE COURT: Remember, too, if there is a product design -- let's take, you know, cigarettes that are addictive, that are known to be addictive. The plaintiff doesn't necessarily know the -- what makes these things addictive. Plaintiffs don't necessarily know that the corporations knew that they were addictive, that they used certain language because their marketing team told them that that was going to be addictive. You know, that's what experts are for.

So much of the discussion in the Complaint is a reaction to what people see, but that doesn't necessarily mean that each individual plaintiff is going to know that. And many of the --many of the little issues that features or functions, for instance, you know, I -- because I don't use these, I don't

know whether they're properly grouped. Perhaps if you use, you know -- like on an iPhone Message, right, there are five options when you're responding to messages. Maybe you use one, maybe you use two, not that that's addictive. I'm just saying that sometimes you're given a host of options, and so does that mean that you have to remember back to every single one that you're using when any one of the five would be sufficient?

I just -- I don't know. All I'm suggesting is that there are important issues that you've identified. We should be able to figure something out, but really we don't have to get there until we've figured out the legal issues.

MR. SCHMIDT: We hear what Your Honor is saying. What we were guided by and how this is different than, I think, the cigarette example is they have pled in their Complaint, in the Master Complaint, a lot of detail about what they say is addictive, and it's detail that is really salient to whoever is using the app. It's "Do you use the news feed?" That's something they know. "Did you experience cyber-bullying?" That's something they allege in the Master that they would know.

Those are facts that they know, and they're very, very different. They key off of, I think, what makes this MDL unique, which is these experiences that people have on these apps are so individualized, those are things they would know. And that's where we were going.

But we hear Your Honor. I'm not trying to argue the point if Your Honor has reached a ruling. But I want the Court to know that's what was motivating us.

THE COURT: I think the additional thing is, again, it's put the plaintiffs on notice that something like this is probably appropriate, right, and so you may have your own groupings. If we end up one day having bellwether trials, then it could be that we're going to have to group these individuals into certain categories, and maybe it's TikTok users and maybe they're -- so maybe there's a group of features. I don't -- I don't know. You all know your cases better, but I do think that's step 2, not step 1.

MS. SCULLION: Your Honor, and we agree with that.

That's a decision further down the line, and I think discovery will inform what groupings would be appropriate, as will experts, etc. So we understand Your Honor's direction, and we'll work with the defendants on the next phase if we get there.

THE COURT: Okay.

One thing that occurred to me, though, as I was reading all of the material you provided me, was whether the Short Form Complaint should have a question about the date of an originally filed and transferred Complaint because that seems to be a distinction that people are making in terms of the statute.

MS. SCULLION: Your Honor, the proposed implementing 1 order addresses the question of what is the applicable date. I 2 don't think we would have a -- I don't think we have a 3 4 problem --THE COURT: Is there any need to have it in the Short 5 Form? 6 7 MS. SCULLION: I don't think there is a need, but it 8 may add clarity, and we would be happy to do that. THE COURT: So that was the only thing that you seem 9 to be dealing with in other orders, but for each individual 10 11 Complaint, we didn't have that in the actual Short Form Complaint. 12 13 MS. SCULLION: Understood. We can do that. 14 THE COURT: The other question related to the name of 15 the plaintiff, the name, if applicable, of the guardian 16 ad litem, and that actually dovetails to the issues. 17 With respect to -- right, this is a public proceeding, and I am always reluctant with defendants to seal material, and I 18 am reluctant with plaintiffs to seal your material. 19 20 In the orders with respect to guardians ad litem, it seems to me that a lot of this information in the actual order itself 21 22 should be disclosed, but if it's disclosed in the Short Form 23 Complaint, then perhaps it's fine to do this all in a sealed context. 24 25 The last name of the quardian ad litem, I don't see why I

should seal that. And their city or state. Lots of people have the same last names.

Funny story. When I went to Princeton, there are not a lot of Hispanics up there, and somebody called during Christmas break and asked information for someone with the last name "Gonzalez." In San Antonio, that person would laugh at them. There are a lot of Gonzalezes, there are a lot of Smiths, there are a lot of Browns; right?

So why are we trying to seal that information?

MS. SCULLION: Your Honor, if I might, my colleague,
Ms. Anderson, could address this.

THE COURT: Ms. Anderson, good morning.

MS. ANDERSON: Thank you, Your Honor.

The concern was that there are several components that, taken together, can lead to discovery of the minors' identity.

I appreciate your suggestion, and we thought because there were 75 applications being filed at once with a lot of information that we believe should be sealed, that sealing the entire application would promote efficiency and that it doesn't really promote any public interest to have those documents filed publicly.

That said, we can go back and redact information if you believe that the applications themselves should be on the public record.

THE COURT: What I think is that something has to be

on the public record.

The other way to do this is to have the order have the template of what the application contains, and that way the public knows what's there; right? They know what the questions are, they know what information the Court is getting. It can be blank, but at least they know.

If, then, the Short Form Complaints are going to give the information that is not and should not be sealed, like the last name of the guardian ad litem, like their state of residence -- I don't know necessarily that the city is required, but certainly the state. We are dealing with states' laws. Individuals in those states may want to know how many people from their state are part of this. The likelihood that those two pieces of information would lead to finding an adolescent I think is small to none.

MS. ANDERSON: Understood, Your Honor.

So we are happy to provide a more robust proposed order.

It sounds as though if we are including that information in the Short Form Complaint, that you aren't requiring resubmitting redacted applications at this time. Is that an accurate summary?

THE COURT: So what I'm saying is that if I get that information in the Short Form Complaint, then you don't have to go through the administrative burden of redacting, as long as there is a template attached to the order that identifies for

2

3

4

5

6

8

9

10

12

15

16

18

22

23

25

```
the public what information is in those ex partes applications
     and that has in fact been submitted to the Court.
              MS. ANDERSON: Yes, Your Honor --
               THE COURT: I think that that is an appropriate
     balance.
              MS. ANDERSON: We can definitely do that, Your Honor.
 7
               THE COURT: Do you wish to be heard?
              MR. SCHMIDT: No, Your Honor. If there is going to be
     a new submission, I think we would like the opportunity just to
     confer, but this isn't our issue so I don't expect it will be
11
     an issue.
               THE COURT: Okay. So I need either Ms. Simonsen --
     did I say that right --
13
14
              MS. JONES: Simonsen, Your Honor.
               THE COURT: And, Ms. Anderson, if you'll take a list
     of what we'll be doing after this so we can have a
17
     comprehensive list. All right.
          Those were the only things that I had on the Short Form
19
     Complaint.
20
              MR. SCHMIDT: Thank you, Your Honor.
              MS. SCULLION: Thank you, Your Honor.
21
               THE COURT: Okay. The coordination order.
              MS. HAZAM: Yes, Your Honor. Lexi Hazam for
     plaintiffs.
24
          With regards to a proposed coordination order, the parties
```

have begun to meet and confer on the topic. Both parties have acknowledged the advantages of coordination, particularly in the realm of discovery. And the judge who has been appointed to handle the JCCP in the California state courts has recognized that as well so our --

THE COURT: Everybody should know Judge Kuhl and I are friends. We are members of the Council for the American Law Institute together, and we are already talking, to the extent that we should, that if there are ever efficiencies in having joint proceedings, we will consider doing that. I think mine is significantly bigger than hers at this point, unless there have been more cases filed in the state. The last time I talked to her about the issue, I think there were only less than 30.

MS. HAZAM: It is -- remains the case, Your Honor, that the MDL has significantly more cases than the JCCP, I believe at least three times as much at this point.

And Judge Kuhl did inform us of the same thing that

Your Honor just referenced, and we're obviously happy to have
the judges cooperating, as we hope to do with the other side.

THE COURT: Well, we want you all to know that you can't play each other -- you can't play us off each other because we communicate regularly.

MS. JONES: Understood, Your Honor.

MS. HAZAM: Understood.

THE COURT: Anything else you want to do with respect 1 to that, or is it more informative? I don't think I have a 2 proposed order on this issue yet; correct? 3 MS. HAZAM: You do not because the parties are still 4 meeting and conferring. The parties propose submitting an 5 order on March 17th, and I don't believe that there is further 6 7 matters that we would want to address on this today. 8 THE COURT: Okay. MS. JONES: I think that's right, Your Honor. 9 Ιf there is anything -- if you have any conceptual quidance that 10 11 you want to offer to us as we are working through that order, we are happy to hear that today, but we can also work amongst 12 13 ourselves and submit something. 14 THE COURT: No, I don't. 15 MS. JONES: Okay. THE COURT: The next thing you wanted to discuss were 16 17 discovery orders, or is that combined with the consolidation? MS. HAZAM: We could move to that, Your Honor. 18 The next item in the status conference statement is 19 20 defendants' proposed filing requirements but happy to move to the discovery orders, if Your Honor wishes. 21 THE COURT: No. Filing requirements is fine. 22 23 ahead. 24 MS. JONES: I'm happy to start on that issue, 25 And Mr. Seeger and we spoke briefly before the Your Honor.

conference this morning.

I think what would probably be most helpful, from our perspective, is for the parties to have an opportunity to further confer on this topic. We've made a proposal to them. I don't think we've yet had a meaningful opportunity to meet and confer about their concerns about that proposal, how we might be able to reach a possible resolution.

Just for purposes kind of the broader idea at the highest conceivable level, what we've contemplated here is it's not an effort to prevent plaintiffs' counsel from filing their cases. It's not a lone pine order, as they suggest in the CMC statement.

What we've really been looking to do is to ensure that for every case that comes into the MDL, whatever that number ends up being, that someone has conducted basic Rule 11 diligence to ensure that there is a basis for the facts as they've been asserted.

So we're happy to talk more about what that might look like, but we think it's pretty important in any MDL and in particular in a case like this one.

THE COURT: And I don't disagree, but I think the plaintiffs have also made a legitimate point, right, that most of the plaintiffs right now are being represented by members of the steering committee. And, two, again, if -- it is a bigger issue if this case proceeds. It is less of an issue if it

doesn't. 1 So by the time we get to that point, I may have some 2 perspectives. At this point, I don't have any additional 3 perspectives for to you consider. 4 5 MS. JONES: I think that's helpful for us, Your Honor. With your permission, we would like an opportunity to 6 7 continue to discuss the possible contours of an order, but we 8 understand where you stand today. MS. HAZAM: As do we, Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: All right. 10 MS. HAZAM: Thank you. 11 THE COURT: Okay. Next. 12 13 MS. HAZAM: Next would be the discovery-related 14 orders, item 6 in the status conference statement. The parties reported on the status of their 15 16 meet-and-confers with regards to these orders and dates by 17 which they will submit agreed-upon orders or disputes to the magistrate judge. We are happy to address any questions or 18 concerns Your Honor may have. 19 20 THE COURT: Anything? 21 MS. SIMONSEN: Nothing further, Your Honor. 22 23

THE COURT: Magistrate Judge Hixson is an excellent judge. I am sure he will handle all of your matters in an excellent manner. I have nothing to add to that.

MS. HAZAM: Thank you, Your Honor.

24

25

1 THE COURT: Okay. Mediator. I can't believe you all couldn't figure this one out. 2 going to figure it out for you unless you are telling me that 3 you've figured this out. Yes or no? 4 5 MR. SEEGER: We have not figured it out. MR. SCHMIDT: No, Your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: Then what you are going to do is you are 8 going to, while you're here, write down on a piece of paper one from each list and then give it to me. All right? That's the 9 And then I'll decide. 10 answer. MR. SCHMIDT: And, Your Honor, I think we had a point 11 of disagreement as to which list the pick would come from. 12 We 13 had proposed --14 THE COURT: You pick from -- you pick one from your 15 list and one from their list. 16 You pick one from your list and one from their list. 17 I want you to put it on a piece of paper. I don't know your handwriting. I don't want you to tell me who it came 18 19 from. And you'll put those pieces of paper together, and you will hand them to my courtroom deputy, and she will hand it to 20 me. 21 22 MR. SCHMIDT: Okay. 23 THE COURT: And then I'll let you know. Thank you, Your Honor. 24 MR. SEEGER:

25 MR. SCHMIDT: Understood.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. 1 Common benefit, I think, is next. 2 3 MR. SCHMIDT: I'm sorry to belabor that. So we will each be submitting two, one from each side? 4 5 THE COURT: Yes. MR. SCHMIDT: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: Sorry. I didn't think I was not clear. All right. Next is common benefit. Pierson from the 8 defense; is that right? 9 MR. SEEGER: So, Judge, we have sent this to you. 10 Ιf 11 you remember the last time we were here, the defendants had some concerns about certain aspects of what we submitted. 12 13 I think that we -- we have made -- as a result of our 14 meeting and conferring on their concerns, we've made a couple 15 of changes. 16 One change had to do with making it clear that the amount 17 of any common benefit assessment holdback is subject to 18 Your Honor's approval. I mean, we thought that was the law anyway, but we wrote it in just to make it really clear. We 19 20 didn't expect Your Honor would just rubber stamp whatever you 21 are going to consider. 22 The second part that we compromised on is on the reporting 23 requirements for the defendants. They -- we have moved those

to make them quarterly so if they begin to settle cases around

the country and we don't do a global settlement, a non-class

24

25

global settlement which would be before you, and they make their own individual settlements, they've got to report to us on a quarterly basis and let us know who the settlements are with so that the proper amount can be set aside in an escrow account.

MS. PIERSON: Your Honor, Andrea Pierson from Faegre Drinker.

We have nothing to add. We were able to confer with Mr. Seeger, and we believe we've reached agreement.

THE COURT: Okay. That's fine.

I did have a few little technical things, or maybe not so technical, that I do want you to change in terms of costs. You may not like this, but --

MR. SEEGER: Okay.

THE COURT: -- if it's good enough for federal judges, it's good enough for plaintiffs' lawyers. And that is that domestic flights longer than four hours, you ride in coach. You want to go to business, you'll have to pay for it on your own. That's what I have to do. That's what every federal judge has to do, and I'm sure it's what most members -- most of your plaintiffs probably aren't flying business, so if you bill them a few hours, I'm sure that will pay for the cost of the flight, but business -- you know, and it was partly -- maybe it's the wrong time for you. I happen to be looking at a number of flights to D.C., and they are like four to five times

the cost of coach, so I just don't think it's appropriate. 1 Obviously you tall people want to sit in the front, but you'll 2 3 have to pay for it. No alcohol. Do not bill alcohol. Meals are appropriate. 4 Alcohol is on you. 5 Does anybody check the cost of phone calls anymore? 6 7 Really? It's almost like the fax question. Does any plan that 8 anybody has do it by individual phone calls? And are you really going to track that? 9 MR. SEEGER: No, I don't think so. We don't -- I 10 don't even think offices track that anymore, do we? 11 12 THE COURT: So I don't know how I can put that in an 13 order. 14 MR. SEEGER: That's an artifact of old --15 THE COURT: I don't know how I put that in an order. 16 I do see -- if I travel internationally, I do get the list of 17 phone calls, but -- yeah. I don't know how I can -- unless you can explain to me what you're going to do, I don't know how I 18 19 put that in an order. 20 MR. SEEGER: I think we'll delete it. 21 THE COURT: That would be good. Okay. Those were the only small things that I had. 22 23 MR. SEEGER: Thank you, Your Honor. **THE COURT:** So if you will send us a revised version, 24 25 I can issue that order.

Sealing, the bane of all federal judges. Sealing.

So I think our concern with this is whether there was just one step too many on the actual copy. It seems to me that if I enter an order with the process -- you all don't see them, but any time you file something on ECF that is something I have to do, the way we see it on our screen is it has a little gavel. I hate gavels. I like to get rid of all my gavels. I hate them. And maybe that is an addictive kind of thing. I don't know. Maybe that's why they do it to us, so we get rid of them. I hate little gavels.

So it seems to me that you're automatically filing anything on the docket where one party has designated the information as confidential, and you're doing that as part of your filing, whatever the filing is. But there has to be meet-and-confer before I really get to the thing that I need to do.

So my preference would be to have an order that says you get to do that without having to identify it as a gavel. So I don't want the gavel until you've filed it, you've met and conferred, you've withdrawn, and I then get some omnibus order at the end that addresses all of them in one comprehensive way with hyperlinks, and that's the only gavel I want to see.

Does that make sense?

MS. SIMONSEN: It does, Your Honor. I think we can accomplish that, subject's to plaintiffs' point of view. I

think some of the preliminary steps we outlined could probably be accomplished through notices of filing that would not create a gavel, and so that would be sort of a notice of filing that something is going in provisionally under seal, notice of filing of the redacted version of that document as redacted by the parties whose confidential information is at issue, and then we wait until the conclusion of briefing on a motion that implicates all of that confidential information to file a motion to seal following conferral with the other side. I would think that would be something we could accomplish.

MR. WARREN: I think that's very close to what we -we have agreed to, and we want to take away the gavels, too, so
we will work on that.

THE COURT: So the great thing about this is if you will work on an order, I'm going to save the order, and I'm going to issue it in all of my big cases because, really, it is -- the amount of work and complications that are caused by these motions to seal is -- it takes us hours and hours when really our time could be better spent somewhere else.

MR. WARREN: We completely agree, and we -- frankly, the parties and the litigants feel the same burden, which is why we were really pleased we were able to reach agreement on this.

THE COURT: Okay. So that -- that's the goal. What I've articulated is the goal, which is to go ahead, you file

your stuff under seal, you have your deadlines, people provide the answer -- you meet and confer, whatever, with the goal being at the end I -- you tell me what it is I actually have to decide.

And I do want the hyperlinks because it makes it faster.

MS. SIMONSEN: Understood, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Do you know what I mean by that?

MR. WARREN: No, Your Honor, I don't.

THE COURT: So you can set up global orders with links to the docket, I believe, or -- or maybe you have to refile them one time with the links so that we can click on something and go to the information that we have to figure out do we agree with your assessment or not. Maybe you want to talk to your paralegals. Maybe I'm not explaining it right --

MS. SIMONSEN: I certainly understand what you are referring to, Your Honor. I know we have done this with briefs, not necessarily related to sealing, and I think we can accomplish something similar here. Perhaps we can confer and make sure we are settled on a procedure for that that will work from the Court's perspective.

MR. WARREN: That's clear.

THE COURT: Okay.

Mr. Warren.

MR. WARREN: Yes. I think that's fine. We will continue discussing. I think we can solve this, and it should

be doable. It's possible we may want to contact chambers just to get guidance on how it will show up on your end so we're doing this the right way one time and then we can submit it to you.

THE COURT: Okay. That would be great; otherwise, I'm all in favor of the streamlined process. Okay?

MR. WARREN: Thank you.

THE COURT: Okay. What else do we have?

MS. HAZAM: Your Honor, Lexi Hazam for plaintiffs.

The only other item in the status conference statement is number 9, other updates in which the parties reported on several recent filings by school districts, some of which have now been made a part of this MDL. That was for informational purposes. We are happy to address anything regarding that or any other matters that the Court may have.

MS. JONES: I agree with plaintiffs' counsel, that that was more an informational update than anything else.

THE COURT: Okay. I take it that the medical records collection, that was another -- that was another issue that I saw out there. Did that relate to the filing requirements? Is that what you were thinking about?

MS. JONES: I think so, Your Honor. And as we discussed just a moment ago, I think we can probably spend some more time with each other between the plaintiffs and the defendants kind of figuring that out.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MS. HAZAM: Yes, Your Honor. That was part of the defendants' proposed filing requirements --THE COURT: Okay. MS. HAZAM: -- section. THE COURT: Okay. So let me just, before -- I didn't have anything else. You went through my list. Let me just pull up your docket. I'm glad that the earlier time worked for you all. As you all can imagine, when we're in trial, we never exactly -- well, in a criminal trial, we never exactly know when we are going to be done. MS. JONES: Your Honor, for the folks on the East Coast, I cannot overstate how enthusiastic folks were to receive that email, so thank you very much for accommodating us. THE COURT: I assumed that it would be helpful, and I was just going to be sitting here waiting for you to come in in the afternoon. MS. JONES: Well, we appreciate it very much. MS. HAZAM: That goes for our side as well, Not me personally but others. Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. We weren't supposed to be taking closings until today, and we took them early, so . . . Okay. So as I'm looking at my gavels, 148 -- 147, 148, and 149 are all about the guardian ad litem, so who is dealing

with the quardian ad litem again?

MS. HAZAM: That would be Ms. Anderson for plaintiffs.

THE COURT: Okay. So, Ms. Anderson.

MS. ANDERSON: Your Honor, now that I know that you hate the gavels, I am sorry that there is one redundant issue, and that was because Local Rule 7-11 requires a stipulation or a declaration why a stipulation could not be made that seemed separate from the declaration that we also attached the proposed order to.

THE COURT: So that's -- hold on. Let me just pull it up. Is that 148?

MS. ANDERSON: One moment.

THE COURT: And it's not that I hate them. They're actually very useful to tell me what I need to do. It's just that I am neurotic and like to get my stuff done. Actually, I probably shouldn't have said that on the --

MS. ANDERSON: I apologize. I don't have the file-stamped copies with me. That was -- they were not printed out for me.

But essentially there are two orders, one is the sealing order and one is the guardian ad litem order, that the parties have met and conferred on, and that has also been submitted with the guardian ad litem motion itself. However, I know that Your Honor would like a -- an altered proposed order, so what I would suggest is that I will confer with defense liaison

1 counsel, and we will submit a new proposed order and 2 stipulation. 3 THE COURT: Okay. So 147 regards the motion to file under seal the actual applications. 4 MS. ANDERSON: Correct. 5 THE COURT: All right. And with respect to that, what 6 7 I'm going to get from you is a revised order that attaches as an exhibit the form of the application? 8 MS. ANDERSON: Correct. 9 THE COURT: Okay. So I'm waiting for a revised -- and 10 you can just send that -- you can just send that to our email 11 box. You don't have to file that. Okay? As long as liaison 12 13 counsel agrees. 14 MS. ANDERSON: Okay. THE COURT: So we will look for a revised 147-2. 15 16 Then with respect to the order to seal the applications 17 themselves, that's granted. And then the consolidated motion, that will be granted. All right. 18 MS. ANDERSON: Thank you, Your Honor. 19 20 THE COURT: So I'm waiting on one for you. The other 21 two will be granted. 22 MS. ANDERSON: Thank you. 23 THE COURT: Then I see on here -- all of these motions regarding sealing -- 143, 134, 135, and 137 -- are those for 24

me, for Magistrate Judge Hixson? What are they?

25

MS. SIMONSEN: Your Honor, the various sealing motions 1 relate to the Master Complaint. We had understood that 2 Your Honor was resolving those sealing motions. We, of course, 3 defer to you as to whether those should go to Magistrate 4 Judge Hixson instead. 5 MR. WARREN: And, Your Honor, if I may, there is 6 7 unlikely to be really any dispute around those. We've heard from defendants on what information they wish to remain sealed, 8 and TikTok and I believe Snap said that none of the information 9 at issue needs to remain sealed. Meta has identified, I think, 10 just four or five names, and we will not oppose the redaction 11 of those names. 12 13 THE COURT: Okay. 14 MR. WARREN: So we ought to be able to resolve that 15 quickly. 16 THE COURT: All right. So I'll double check. I read 17 it with all of the highlights, but we'll get those out. Okay. Thank you. 18 Thank you, Your Honor. 19 MS. SIMONSEN: 20 THE COURT: And then I think that's it. Okay. MS. ANDERSON: Your Honor, Jennie Lee Anderson on 21 22 behalf of plaintiffs. 23 I just wanted to clarify because I realized, as I was sitting down, that you said that two orders will be granted 24 25 with respect to the sealing and the guardian ad litem.

believe at this time you will just be following through on your -- on your order from the bench to seal the documents. The other two orders are the same order. One was just attached to the stipulation as required by 7-11. THE COURT: Okay. MS. ANDERSON: Thank you. THE COURT: And then I actually -- you won't see those orders -- the objection period hasn't passed. I'm not sure we are going to get objections, but I do need to wait for the objection period to pass. Okay. Do you want to set a date on the calendar for the summer? Or do we just wait until we hear about Gonzalez? MS. JONES: I think from our perspective, Your Honor, we would be inclined to follow the guidance you offered earlier in terms of seeing what happens in Gonzalez, having an opportunity for probably a Zoom conference with the Court on what to do in light of that. MR. WARREN: That's fine with plaintiffs as well, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. And -- all right. Then we will --I'll just wait -- well, we are all waiting to get that decision from the court, and then I'll hear from liaison counsel. Okay. Anything else then? Not from the plaintiffs? MR. WARREN: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Not from the defense?

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

```
MS. JONES: No, Your Honor.
 1
               MR. WARREN: We do have our name list to hand you, if
 2
     we haven't already.
 3
               THE COURT: What's that?
 4
               MR. WARREN: We do have the names.
 5
               THE COURT: Can I have the pieces of paper?
 6
 7
               MR. SCHMIDT: Your Honor, on our end, if we could have
      a few minutes to confer among the different defendants, I would
 8
      appreciate that.
 9
               THE COURT: That's fine. I will leave the room, and
10
11
      then you can give it to her when I'm gone.
12
           Everybody have safe travels. We're adjourned.
13
                   (Proceedings adjourned at 10:21 a.m.)
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter. DATE: Monday, March 6, 2023 Pamela Batalo Hebel Pamela Batalo Hebel, CSR No. 3593, RMR, FCRR U.S. Court Reporter